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中国 C₄ 植物的地理分布与生态学研究^{*}I. 中国 C₄ 植物及其与气候环境的关系殷立娟¹⁾ 李美荣²⁾

(1) 东北师范大学, 国家草地生态工程实验室, 长春, 130024)

Q949.408

(2) Department of Botany, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5S 3B2)

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摘要 通过调查记录了中国 533 种 40 变种和 3 亚种具有 C₄ 光合作用的植物和 8 种 C₃~C₄ 中间植物。它们隶属于 160 属 24 科, 其中 46 属 97 种、8 变种和 1 亚种隶属于双子叶植物, 114 属 436 种、32 变种和 2 亚种隶属于单子叶植物。C₄ 植物主要属于禾本科(96 属 324 种、32 变种和 2 亚种), 莎草科(14 属 108 种), 藜科(13 属 37 种、7 变种和 1 亚种)和苋科(3 属 16 种 1 亚种)。根据中国的温度气候(寒温带, 冷温带, 中温带, 暖温带, 亚热带和边缘热带)和大气水分状况(极干旱, 干旱, 半干旱, 半湿润, 季节性干旱和湿润)将中国除了南海诸岛以外的地理区域划为 7 个区和 12 个亚区, 并总结出中国 C₄ 种的地理与气候分布区。C₄ 植物种数(尤其是禾本科和莎草科)随着大气温度与水分增高而增加。然而, 藜科的 C₄ 植物种数随着大气温度与水分增高而减少。调查结果表明中国 C₄ 植物具有广阔的地理分布特点, 在寒温带也有一定数量的分布。

C₄植物;关键词: C₄ 光合作用, 地理分布, 温度, 降水, 生态学。

环境, 气候

A STUDY ON THE GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION AND ECOLOGY OF C₄ PLANTS IN CHINAI. C₄ PLANT DISTRIBUTION IN CHINA AND THEIR RELATION WITH REGIONAL CLIMATIC CONDITIONYin Lijuan¹⁾ Li Meirong²⁾

(1) National Laboratory of Grassland Engineering, Northeast Normal University, Changchun, 130024, China)

(2) Department of Botany, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5S 3B2)

Abstract In this report, a survey is presented of plants with C₄ photosynthesis in China. We have recorded 533 C₄ species, 40 varieties, 3 subspecies and 8 C₃~C₄ intermediate species. These species belong to 160 genera and 24 families. Among them, 97 species, 8 varieties and 1 subspecies in 46 genera are from the Dicotyledoneae and 436 species, 32 varieties and 2 subspecies in 114 genera from the Monocotyledoneae. Most of C₄ plants belong to Poaceae (96 genera, 324 species, 32 varieties and 2 subspecies), Cyperaceae (14 genera

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and 108 species), Chenopodiaceae (13 genera, 37 species, 7 varieties and 1 subspecies) and Amaranthaceae (3 genera, 16 species and 1 subspecies). We divide the geographic regions of China, except small islands in the South China Sea, into seven regions and fourteen sub-regions according to the temperature conditions (frigid temperate, cold temperate, cool temperate, warm temperate, subtropical and marginally tropical) and the atmospheric water (very arid, arid, semi-arid, semi-humid, seasonal arid and humid). The number of C₄ species increases with the increase of atmospheric temperature and humidity, especially in Poaceae and Cyperaceae. However, the number of C₄ species in Chenopodiaceae decreases with increase of atmospheric temperature and humidity. The results of the survey show a wide geographic distribution of C₄ plants and demonstrated the distribution of some C₄ species in arid and frigid temperate regions in China.

Key words: C₄ photosynthesis, ecology, geographic distribution, precipitation, temperature.

中国具有 960 万 km² 的面积, 覆盖了亚洲的四分之一, 具有丰富的自然资源, 其中草原植物就有约 4000 种^[1]. C₄ 植物因其高光效、高生物产量而被人们视为重要的开发资源^[2]. 目前, 据已有的报告, 世界上已经发现了约 1700 种 C₄ 光合作用植物, 隶属于 290 属 22 科, 并发现在 30 多种植物中具有 C₃~C₄ 中间型^[3~4]. 关于中国的 C₄ 植物也有报告. 林植芳和郭俊彦^[5]发现了 123 种分布在广东省的 C₄ 光合作用植物. 殷立娟和祝玲^[6,7]鉴定了 55 种发生在东北草原区的 C₄ 植物. 最近作者进一步对东北草原植物中的光合作用途径作了全面调查^[8]. 然而, 就全国而言这些仅仅是初步的研究. 到目前为止, 中国究竟拥有多少种 C₄ 光合作用植物, 仍然是一个未知数. 当代科学的发展不仅在于了解多少种和哪些种具有 C₄ 光合作用途径, 还要求进一步探讨它们的分布与生态学意义. 通过 C₃ 和 C₄ 植物的比较, 例如对于北美洲^[9]、澳大利亚^[10]、日本^[11]和阿根廷^[12]的禾本科植物的比较, 表明温度是决定 C₄ 光合作用途径是否发生的关键气候变量. 对欧洲和北美洲的 C₃ 和 C₄ 莎草植物的研究^[13,14]也表明同一趋势. Takeda^[15]曾经对于印度次大陆的 C₄ 禾本科植物的地理分布作了研究, 认为 C₄ 禾本科植物分布与水分条件也有密切关系. 本文的目的是比较全面地了解目前已经报告的中国植物中哪些具有 C₄ 光合作用途径, 并且分析这些种的地理分布及其与中国温度和大气水分条件的关系.

中国位于欧亚大陆东部, 太平洋西岸, 季风气候特征显著, 气候资源丰富. 中国疆域辽阔, 南北跨纬度约 50°, 东西跨经度约 62°. 其间由北向南依温度变化有寒温带, 中温带, 暖温带, 亚热带和热带之分; 由东南向西北按水分条件又有湿润, 亚湿润, 季节性干旱, 半干旱和干旱之别^[16]. 这些气候资源是对于 C₄ 光合作用的地理分布特点作全面分析的有利条件. 此研究试图为发掘中国植物资源和深入研究光合作用生理生态提供依据.

1 材料与方法

收集迄今已发表的中国植物志, 地方植物志, 以及地方植物调查名录, 参照已经报告的 C₄ 植物名录进行一一核对, 从而编出分布在中国的 C₄ 植物的名录. 然后对每一种 C₄ 植物的行政区域分布进行调查. 在此基础上, 根据中国的大气温度和水分条件, 对每一种 C₄ 植物的地理分布及其所处的气候分区进行分析与鉴定. 以大气的气温和水分变化为基础, 将中国除了南海诸岛以外的地理区域划分为 7 个区和 12 个亚区, 进而分析中国气候分区与 C₄ 光合作用植物分布的关系. 因为 C₄ 植物分布在不同的分类群中, 还着重分析包含 C₄ 植物较多的禾本科, 莎草科和藜科. 对于这些科中的 C₄ 植物在各地区中的分布数量与大气温度(年平均气温和年生长积温)和大气水分(年降水量和年干燥度)之间的关系进行比较分析. 收集的数据用统计软件包 Microsoft Excel v. 5.0 (Microsoft Corp.) 作统计分析, 然后输入绘图软件包 Cricket Graphics v. 1.3.2 (Cricket Software) 作图.

2 结果与讨论

2.1 中国的气候与地理分析

温度和水是影响植物的生长和地理分布的两个最重要的生态因子。中国南北温度相差值较大,在东部大致自南向北随着纬度增加,其年平均温度逐渐降低。参考侯学煜^[17],盛承禹^[18]和赵国藏^[16]的论述,本文将中国除了南海诸岛之外的温度气候划分为寒温带,冷温带,中温带,暖温带,亚热带和南亚热带及边缘热带等6个区域(表1)。中国的大气水分状况因距离海岸远近不同而发生变化。根据中国各地的降水量,结合各季节分配的情况,并且参考中国干燥度的状况^[16],将中国自西北向东南顺序划分为极干旱,干旱,半干旱,半湿润,季节性干旱和湿润等6个区域(表2)。综合中国的温度和水状况的特点(表1和表2),将中国除了南海诸岛以外的地理区域划分为7个区和12个亚区(表3)。黑龙江北部,内蒙古北部,西藏,青海和川西属于最寒冷区,天山山脉以北的新疆北部为冷温带;温度变化的代表带在东经110~125°之间,由东北往南温度逐渐升高。海南岛,广东南部,广西南部,云南南部,台湾南部和闽南是最热最湿润的地区。中国水分状况变化的代表带在北纬35~45°之间。新疆西部和南部,西藏北部,青海北部,内蒙古南部和甘肃北部则属于极干旱区域,由此向东干旱程度逐渐减弱。

表1 中国温度区域的地理分布

Table 1 Geographic distribution of temperature in China

温度带(编号) Temperature zone(code)	地理分布 Geographic distribution	年生长积温(>10℃) Annual sum temperature	年均温(℃) Annual average temperature
寒温带(T1)	大兴安岭北部, 北纬27~40°的青藏高原。	1100~1700 1000~1500	-2.2~-5.5 -4.0~0
冷温带(T2)	新疆北部(天山山脉以北)。	1000~2000	0~4
中温带(T3)	沈阳以北的松辽平原和东北南部, 燕山山脉和阴山山脉以北的内蒙古高原。	1600~3200	2~8
暖温带(T4)	辽东半岛,华北平原,黄土高原, 河西走廊,以及南疆一带。	3200~4500	8~14
亚热带(T5)	从北回归线以北到北纬35°, 包括南岭以北到秦岭淮河以南一带。	4500~6500	14~21
南亚热带及 边缘热带(T6)	南岭山脉以南,包括滇,桂,粤, 闽,台的南部以及海南和西藏的东南缘。	6500~9000 或>9000	20~26

表2 按年降水量和干燥度划分的水分区域的地理分布

Table 2 Geographic distribution of humidity zones according to annual precipitation and aridity

水分区域(编号) Humidity zone(code)	地理分布 Geographic distribution	年降水量(mm) Annual precipitation	年干燥度 Annual aridity
极干旱区(H1)	塔里木盆地,东疆,柴达木盆地 以及昆仑山北坡的西藏西北一带。	20~150	>16.0
干旱区(H2)	阿拉善及其东部,河西走廊东部, 和准葛尔盆地,西藏中部和北部。	100~250	4.0~16.0
半干旱区(H3)	内蒙古西北部,鄂尔多斯黄土高原。 西北部,青藏高原中部,羌塘高原。	200~450	2.0~4.0
半湿润区(H4)	东北平原,内蒙古高原东部, 黄土高原东南部及青藏高原东部和中部。	400~750	1.0~1.5
季节性干旱(H5)	东北东部,华北,云南高原。 和川西高原。	500~1000	1.0~1.5
湿润区(H6)	长江中下游,四川盆地,江南丘陵, 浙闽山地,粤,桂,台和海南。	1000~2000	<1.0

2.2 中国 C₄ 植物及其分布

本文收集了迄今为止已经发表的资料,结合近年来作者的鉴定工作,总结出全国各地的具有 C₄ 光合作用的植物共 533 种 40 变种和 3 亚种,和 C₃~C₄ 中间植物 8 种,隶属于 160 属 24 科(表 4)。其中双子叶植物 46 属 97 种 8 变种和 1 亚种,单子叶植物 114 属 436 种 32 变种和 2 亚种。C₄ 植物主要分布在禾本科(96 属 324 种 32 变种和 2 亚种),莎草科(14 属 108 种),藜科(13 属 37 种 7 变种和 1 亚种)和苋科(3 属 16 种 1 亚种)。表 4 列出了每一个 C₄ 种所处的分布区域,其中有 33 种分布于全国各区。C₄ 种的分布数量从中国的西北向东南,自干冷往湿热,平行于中国东海岸线呈递增趋势。自半湿润区(H4)到湿润区(H5 和 H6),随着温度升高(T1~T6),C₄ 种分布数量增加 3 倍以上。自暖温带区(T4)到亚热带区(T6),随着水分增加(H1~H6),C₄ 种分布数量增加近 2 倍。气候区的面积大小对 C₄ 植物分布的影响不显著,中国的寒冷和干旱气候区(T1H4, T2H5, T4H1, T4H2)面积较大,主要包括中国北部及西藏地区,其 C₄ 种数为 76~121(表 3),而中国的温湿气候区(T5H5, T6H6)面积相对较小,主要包括中国的南部,其 C₄ 种数为 327~354(表 3)。所以,大气温度和水分条件是影响中国 C₄ 植物分布的重要因子。禾本科和莎草科的 C₄ 植物在不同区域的分布数量和中国总的 C₄ 植物种数之间有显著的正相关(图 1),表明这两科的 C₄ 植物分布能反映中国总的 C₄ 植物的生态分布特点。

2.3 C₄ 植物分布的生态学意义

中国的 C₄ 植物有 13.3%~14.3%分布在寒温带(T1)区,从冷到热 C₄ 植物分布种数随着温度的增加而增加(表 3)。在中亚热带区(T5H5)的 C₄ 植物数量最多,占全国 C₄ 植物总数的 61.1%,而发生在亚热带或边缘热带^[16](T6H6)区的 C₄ 植物减少为 56.8%(表 3),这表明中亚热带的温度气候可能最适合于 C₄ 植物的生长。分析还表明禾本科和莎草科中的 C₄ 植物种数在中国各地的分布与大气温度之间极为密切(图 2),随着大气温度上升而增加,该结果与他人报告的在澳大利亚^[10],日本^[11],欧洲^[13]和北美洲^[14,19,9]的工作相一致。大气水分状况对 C₄ 植物的分布也有影响。例如,在暖温带区(T4),C₄ 植物的发生在极干旱(H1),干旱区(H2),半干旱区(H3)和半湿润区(H4)的数量分别占全国总数的 21.2%,20.2%,26.3%和 30.7%。禾本科和莎草科中的 C₄ 种分布百分比随着大气水分增加而相应上升(图 3)。该结果与 Takeda^[15]报告的在印度次大陆的 C₄ 禾草分布百分比与年降水量呈显著负相关的结论不一致。这可能是由于中国土地广阔而且地理环境变化较大,涉及多个温度带和不同的水分区域,因而气候变化较复杂。藜科的 C₄ 植物分布百分比则随着大气温度和水分增加而呈减少趋势(图 2 和图 3)。由此看来,C₄ 藜科植物在干旱和低温条件下比 C₄ 禾本科和莎草科植物在地理分布方面都具有优势。

C₄ 植物具有比 C₃ 植物高的水分利用效率(叶片在日间每蒸腾一摩尔水所同化的二氧化碳毫摩尔数)和氮素利用效率(单位面积或质量叶片每摩尔氮每秒钟所同化的二氧化碳微摩尔数)。这是它们具有广泛生态分布的生理学基础^[17,50~53]。无论从种类还是从数量看,中国是 C₄ 植物资源最为丰富的国家之一^[2]。这可能是由于我国自然条件变化范围大和生态类型较复杂^[16~18]。有些 C₄ 植物不仅能分布在非常干旱的 H1 和 H2 区,并且也能分布在极为寒冷的 T1 和 T2 区(表

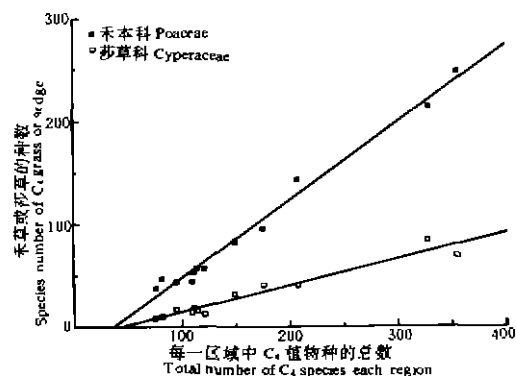


图 1 在各气候亚区中的禾本科和莎草科 C₄ 植物种数与各亚区中 C₄ 植物总数的关系

其直线方程分别为: $y(\text{禾本科 } C_4 \text{ 植物数}) = -27.97 + 0.756x(\text{全部 } C_4 \text{ 植物种数})$ ($r=0.985$) 和 $y(\text{莎草科 } C_4 \text{ 植物种数}) = -11.91 + 0.261x(\text{全部 } C_4 \text{ 植物种数})$ ($r=0.945$)

Fig 1 The relationships between the numer of C₄ species in grass and sedge families and total number of C₄ species in each climatic subregion

The formulas for the linear relationships are: $y(C_4 \text{ grass species}) = -27.97 + 0.756x(\text{total } C_4 \text{ species})$ ($r=0.985$) and $y(C_4 \text{ sedge species}) = -11.91 + 0.261x(\text{total } C_4 \text{ species})$ ($r=0.945$)

3 和表 4)。例如,有 14.3% 的 C_4 植物分布在高寒的青藏高原,有 13.3% 的 C_4 植物分布在东北平原北部, 19.2% 的 C_4 植物分布在新疆的北部。这类植物资源不仅能用于研究植物抗性和生态进化,也是人们进行植物资源开发和利用的可贵材料。

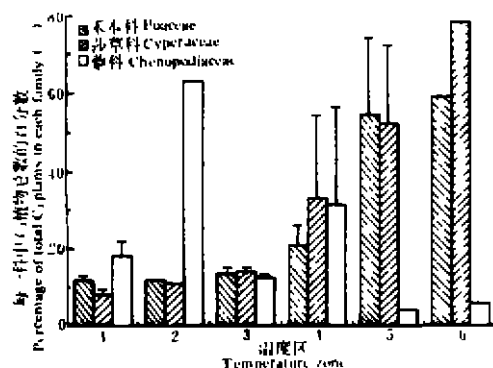


图 2 温度(T)对于禾本科、莎草科和藜科中 C_4 植物在各区中分布的影响
(竖线分别表示在不同地理区域中同一温度带中的 C_4 植物(表 3)平均数的标准离差)

Fig. 2 The effect of temperature (T) on the distribution of C_4 plants in Poaceae, Cyperaceae and Chenopodiaceae
(The vertical lines represent the standard deviations, see Table 3 for details)

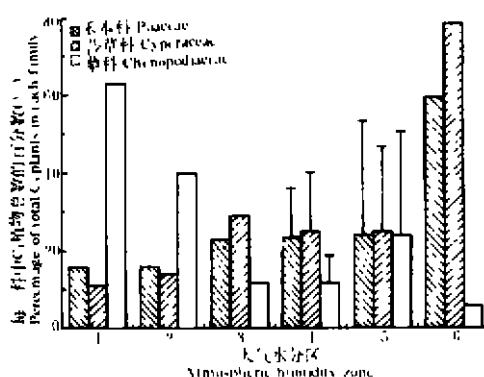


图 3 大气水分(H)对于禾本科、莎草科和藜科中 C_4 植物在各区中分布的影响
(竖线分别表示在不同地理区域中同一水分带中的 C_4 植物(表 3)平均数的标准离差)

Fig. 3 The effect of atmospheric humidity (H) on the distribution of C_4 plants in Poaceae, Cyperaceae and Chenopodiaceae
(The vertical lines represent one standard deviation, see Table 3 for details)

表 3 根据温度和水分带划分的中国各地理区域及各区中的 C_4 植物种分布数

Table 3 Geographic location in China according to the zones of temperature and atmospheric humidity, and the number of C_4 species distributed in each region

区域编号 Region code	温度 Temperature	水分 Water	地理位置 Geographic location	C_4 种分布数 Number of C_4 species
1	T1	H5	黑龙江北部和内蒙古北部	82
2	T1	H4	西藏,青海和川西	76
3	T2	H5	新疆北部(天山山脉以北)	110
4-1	T3	H4	黑龙江及其和内蒙古临近地区	95
4-2	T3	H5	吉林及其和内蒙古临近地区	111
5-1	T4	H1	疆西和疆南,藏北,青海北部,内蒙古西部和甘肃北部	121
5-2	T4	H2	宁夏,甘肃南部,晋北和内蒙古西南部	115
6-1	T4	H3	晋南,陕西和豫西	150
6-2	T4	H4	冀,辽,鲁和皖北	176
7-1	T5	H4	黄河和长江之间,皖南,苏北和鄂北	208
7-2	T5	H5	四川,湘,鄂南,赣,闽中,闽北,苏南,粤北,桂,滇和西藏东地	354
7-3	T6	H6	滇南,桂南,粤中,粤南,闽南,台湾南部和海南岛	327

表 4 中国的 C₄ 植物及其地理分布Table 4 C₄ plants in China and their geographical distribution

植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution	植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution
DICOTYLEDONEAE:		<i>Kochia iranica</i> Litv. ex Bornm	T4H1
Ranunculaceae:		<i>Kochia prostrata</i> (L.) Schrad.	T1H4, T1H5, T2H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3
<i>Thalictrum squarrosum</i> Stepl	T3H4, T3H5, T1H5	<i>Kochia prostrata</i> (L.) Schrad. var. <i>canescens</i> Moq.	T1H4, T2H5, T4H1, T4H2
(2) Berberidaceae:		<i>Kochia prostrata</i> (L.) Schrad.	
<i>Leonotis microrrhyncha</i> Moore	T3H4, T3H5, T1H5	var. <i>villosissima</i> Bong. et Mey.	T2H5
(3) Caryophyllaceae:		<i>Kochia scoparia</i> (L.) Schrad.	All over China
<i>Dianthus amurensis</i> Jacq.	T3H4, T3H5, T1H5	<i>Kochia scoparia</i> (L.) Schrad. var. <i>siwersiana</i> (Pall.) Uibr. ex Asch. et Gr.	T1H4, T1H5, T2H5, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3
<i>Polycarpaea corymbosa</i> (L.) Lam	T5H4, T5H5, T3T4, T3T5	<i>Kochia siwersiana</i> (Pall.) C. A. Mey.	T1H5, T2H5, T4H2, T4H4
(4) Portulacaceae:		<i>Salsola brachiata</i> Pall.	T2H5, T4H1
<i>Portulaca grandiflora</i> Hook.	All over China	<i>Salsola collina</i> Pall.	All over China
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i> L.	All over China	<i>Salsola lanata</i> Pall.	T2H5
<i>Portulaca pilosa</i> L.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Salsola lariciifolia</i> Turcz. ex Litv.	T4H1, T4H2
<i>Portulaca quadrifida</i> L.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Salsola orientalis</i> Gmel.	T2H5, T4H1, T4H2
(5) Nyctaginaceae:		<i>Salsola paulseni</i> Litv.	T2H5, T4H1, T4H2
<i>Boerhaavia diffusa</i> L.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Salsola pellucida</i> Litv.	T2H5, T4H1, T4H2
(6) Chenopodiaceae:		<i>Salsola praecox</i> Litv.	T2H5, T4H1
<i>Aellenia glauca</i> (Bieb.) Aellen	T2H5, T4H1	<i>Suaeda acuminata</i> (C. A. Mey.) Moq.	T2H5, T4H1
<i>Agriophyllum squarrosum</i> (L.) Moq.	T1H5, T1H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2	<i>Suaeda altissima</i> (L.) Pall.	T2H5, T4H1
<i>Anabasis aphylla</i> L.	T2H5, T4H1	<i>Suaeda dendroides</i> (C. A. Mey.) Moq.	T2H5, T4H1
<i>Anabasis brevifolia</i> C. A. Mey.	T2H5, T4H1, T4H2	<i>Suaeda monoica</i> Forsk.	T6H6
<i>Anabasis salsa</i> (C. A. Mey.) Benth. ex Volk	T2H5	(7) Amaranthaceae:	
<i>Atriplex centralasiatica</i> Ujin	T1H4, T1H5, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2	<i>Alternanthera bettsickiana</i> (Regel) Nichol	All over China
(1 变种)		<i>Alternanthera pungens</i> H. B. K.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Atriplex dimorphostegia</i> Kar. et Kir.	T2H5	<i>Amaranthus albus</i> L.	T1H5, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4
(1 变种)		<i>Amaranthus blattoides</i> Watson	T4H1, T4H4, T5H4, T3H4, T3H5, T2H5
<i>Atriplex laevis</i> C. A. Mey	T4H1, T2H5	<i>Amaranthus caudatus</i> L.	All over China
<i>Atriplex nummularia</i> Lindl.	T4H2, T4H4	<i>Amaranthus hybridus</i> L.	T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Atriplex sibirica</i> L.	T3H4, T3H5, T4H3, T4H2	<i>Amaranthus hypochondriacus</i> L.	T4H4, T4H2, T4H3, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Atriplex satarica</i> L.	T2H5, T4H1, T4H2	<i>Amaranthus lividus</i> L.	T3H4, T3H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T2H5, T6H6
(1 变种)		<i>Amaranthus paniculatus</i> L.	All over China
<i>Bassia hyssopifolia</i> (Pall.) Aschers	T2H5, T4H1, T4H2	<i>Amaranthus retrofractus</i> L.	T1H4, T1H5, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4
<i>Bassia dasyphylla</i> (Fisch.) Krze.	T1H4, T1H5, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Amaranthus retrofractus</i> L.	
<i>Cnaphalocoma monspeliaca</i> L.	T2H5, T4H1	var. <i>delilei</i> (Richter et Lorei) Thell.	T4H3, T4H4
(1 变种)		<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i> L.	T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Gingensohnia oppositiflora</i> (Pall.) Bge.	T4H1, T4H2	<i>Amaranthus tricolor</i> L.	All over China
<i>Halimolobos villosa</i> Kar. et Kir.	T2H5	<i>Amaranthus viridis</i> L.	T4H1, T4H2, T4H4, T5H5
<i>Halogeton glomeratus</i> (Bieb.) C. A. Mey.	T1H4, T2H5, T4H1		
<i>Halogeton glomeratus</i> (Bieb.) C. A. Mey.			
var. <i>tibeticus</i> (Bge.) Grubov	T1H4, T2H5, T4H1		
<i>Halogeton tibeticus</i> (Bge.) Grubov.	T1H4, T4H1		
<i>Haloxylon ammodendron</i> (C. A. Mey.) Bge.	T4H2		
<i>Haloxylon persicum</i> Bge. ex Boiss et Buhse	T4H1, T4H2		

续表 4

植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution	植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution
<i>Gomphrena cilioides</i> Mart.	H6H6	<i>Serratula yamatsutana</i> Kitag. (C ₃ ~C ₄)	T3H4, T3H5
<i>Gomphrena globosa</i> L.	All over China	(16) Solanaceae:	
(8) Polygonaceae:		<i>Siphonostegia chinensis</i> Benth.	T3H4, T3H5, T1H5, T5H5
<i>Calligonum arborescens</i> Litv.	T2H5	(17) Umbelliferae:	
<i>Calligonum caput-medusae</i> Schren.	T2H5	<i>Sanicula rubriflora</i> Fr. Schmidt.	T3H4, T3H5, T1H5
<i>Calligonum junceum</i> (Fisch. et Ney)	T2H5	<i>Saussurea japonica</i> (Thunb.) D. C.	T4H4
<i>Calligonum leucocladium</i> (Schrenk) Bge.	T2H5	(18) Primulaceae:	
(9) Euphorbiaceae:		<i>Glaux maritima</i> L. (C ₃ ~C ₄)	T4H3, T4H4
<i>Euphorbia atoto</i> Eorst. f.	T5H5, T6H6	(19) Convolvulaceae:	
<i>Euphorbia hirta</i> L.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Evolvulus alsinoides</i> L.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Euphorbia humifusa</i> Willd.	T5H5	(20) Boraginaceae:	
<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> L.	T5H5, T4H4, T4H3	<i>Heliotropium marifolium</i> Retz.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Euphorbia serrulata</i> Engelm.	T5H5, T6H6	MONOCOTYLEDONEAE	
<i>Euphorbia thymifolia</i> L.	T5H5, T6H6, T4H3, T4H4	(1) Liliaceae:	
<i>Euphorbia tirucalli</i> L.	T4H3, T4H4	<i>Allium macrostemon</i> Bge.	T1H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4
(10) Zygophyllaceae:		<i>Sella thunbergii</i> Miyabe et Kudo	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H4, T6H6, T2H5
<i>Tribulus cistoides</i> L. (C ₃ ~C ₄)	T5H5, T6H6	(2) Hydrocharitaceae:	
<i>Tribulus terrestris</i> L.	All over China	<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i> (L. f.) Royle	All over China
(11) Geraniaceae:		<i>Vallisneria spiralis</i> Swetz. non L.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Erodium stephanianum</i> Willd.	T4H2, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T1H5	(3) Cyperaceae:	
<i>Oxytropis filiformis</i> D. C.	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5	<i>Bulbostylis barbata</i> (Rottb.) Kunth	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
(12) Polygalaceae:		<i>Bulbostylis capillaris</i> (L.) Nees	T3H4, T3H5, T4H4, T5H5
<i>Polygala tenuifolia</i> Willd.	T3H4, T3H5	<i>Bulbostylis densa</i> (Wall.) Hand- Mazz	T1H4, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
(13) Leguminosae:		<i>Carex leiohyncha</i> C. A. Mey.	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4
<i>Thermopsis lanceolata</i> R. Br.	T3H4, T3H5	<i>Carex pediformis</i> C. A. Mey.	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T5H4
(14) Rosaceae:		<i>Cyperus amunicus</i> Steud.	All over China
<i>Potentilla anserina</i> L. (C ₃ ~C ₄)	T3H4, T3H5	<i>Cyperus brevifolius</i> Bockl.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Potentilla filipendula</i> Willd. (C ₃ ~C ₄)	T3H4, T3H5	<i>Cyperus compressus</i> L.	T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
(15) Compositae:		<i>Cyperus cuspidatus</i> Kunth	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Artemisia sieversiana</i> Nakai	All over China	<i>Cyperus dense-spicatus</i> Dhwi	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Artemisia vestita</i> Wallich.	T1H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H5	<i>Cyperus digitatus</i> Rexb.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Filifolium sibiricum</i> Kitam. (C ₃ ~C ₄)	T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Cyperus distans</i> L. f.	T6H6
<i>Glossogyne tenuifolia</i> Cass.	T6H6	<i>Cyperus elusmoides</i> Kunth	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Hypochaeris grandiflora</i> Ledeb.	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i> Willd.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Leontopodium leontopodioides</i> Beuv. (C ₃ ~C ₄)	T1H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Cyperus esculentus</i> Vahl	T2H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Lipocarpus microcephala</i> (R. Br.) Kunth	T4H3, T4H4	<i>Cyperus exaltatus</i> Retz.	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Lxeris sonchifolia</i> Hance	T3H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Cyperus flabelliformis</i> Rottb.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Parthenium hysterophorus</i> L.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Cyperus flavidus</i> Retz.	T5H4
<i>Saussurea japonica</i> (Thunb.) D. C.	T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Cyperus globosus</i> Swetz.	T2H5, T3H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Senecio integrifolius</i> (L.) Clair.	T1H4, T5H5, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Cyperus glomeratus</i> L.	T2H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T3H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
		<i>Cyperus imbricatus</i> Retz.	T6H6
		<i>Cyperus iria</i> L.	T1H5, T2H5, T3H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
		<i>Cyperus javanicus</i> Houtt.	T6H6
		<i>Cyperus latifolius</i> Poir.	T5H5, T6H6

续表 4

植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution	植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution
<i>Cyperus laxiflorus</i> L. K. Dai	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Fimbristylis malacea</i> (L.) Vahl	T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus tenorhyncha</i> C. A. Mey.	T4H3, T4H4	<i>Fimbristylis monostachya</i> (L.) Hassk.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus longibracteatus</i> Dai	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5	<i>Fimbristylis nutans</i> Vahl	T6H6
<i>Cyperus malaccensis</i> Lam.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Fimbristylis ovata</i> (Burm. f.) Kern.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus michelianus</i> (L.) Link	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Fimbristylis pauciflora</i> R. Br.	T6H6
<i>Cyperus microaria</i> Steud.	All over China	<i>Fimbristylis pieratii</i> Miq.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus nipponicus</i> Franch.	T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Fimbristylis polytrichoides</i> Vahl	T6H6
<i>Cyperus nians</i> Vahl	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Fimbristylis quinquangularis</i> (Vahl) Kuoth	T1H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus orthostachyus</i> Franch.	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Fimbristylis schoenoides</i> (Retz.) Vahl	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus pallescens</i> Huanet.	T4H3	<i>Fimbristylis sepacea</i>	T6H6
<i>Cyperus pangorei</i> Rottb.	T6H6	<i>Fimbristylis sericea</i> (Poir.) R. Br.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus pannonicus</i> Jacq.	T2H5, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Fimbristylis sieboldii</i> Miq.	T5H4
<i>Cyperus pediformis</i> C. A. Mey.	T4H3, T4H4	<i>Fimbristylis squarrosa</i> Vahl	T1H4, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus pillasua</i> Vahl	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Fimbristylis stantonii</i> Deb. et Fr.	T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T3H4, T3H5, T5H4
<i>Cyperus polystachys</i> Rottb.	T6H6	<i>Fimbristylis tetragona</i> R. Br.	T6H6
<i>Cyperus pygmaeus</i> Rottb.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Fimbristylis tristachya</i> R. Br.	T6H6
<i>Cyperus radians</i> Nees	T6H6	<i>Ixeris sonchifolia</i> Haue	T4H3, T4H4
<i>Cyperus rotundus</i> L.	T2H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Kyllinga brevifolia</i> Rottb.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus sanguinolentus</i> Vahl	T4H3, T4H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Kyllinga cororata</i> (L.) Druce	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus serotinus</i> Rottb.	T2H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H5	<i>Kyllinga cylindrica</i> Nees	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus stolomerus</i> Retz.	T6H6	<i>Kyllinga melanasperma</i> Nees	T6H6
<i>Cyperus szechuanensis</i> Koyama	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Kyllinga moncephala</i> Rottb.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus tenuiculmis</i> Boeckl.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Kyllinga pumila</i> Tang	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cyperus tenuifolius</i> (Steud.) Dandy	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Kyllinga odorata</i> Liebm.	T6H6
<i>Cyperus tuberosus</i> Rottb.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Kyllinga triiceps</i> L.	T6H6
<i>Eleocharis acicularis</i> (L.) R. & S. (C ₃ ~C ₄)	T4H1, T4H2, T3H5, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Lapocarpus chinensis</i> Tang	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis aestivalis</i> (Retz.) Vahl	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Lapocarpus microcephala</i> (R. Br.) Kunth	All over China
<i>Fimbristylis annua</i> (All.) Roem.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H5	<i>Mariscus compactus</i> (Retz.) Druce	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis autumnalis</i> (L.) Roem.	T4H4	<i>Mariscus cyperinus</i> Vahl	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis bisumbellata</i> (Forsk.) Bub.	T2H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Mariscus dubius</i> Vahl	T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis complanata</i> (Retz.) Link	T1H4, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Mariscus janamicus</i> Houtt.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis cymosa</i> (Lam.) B. Br.	T5H4	<i>Mariscus macrostachys</i> Boeckl.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis dichotoma</i> (L.) Vahl	T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6, T2H5	<i>Mariscus sieberianus</i> Nees	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis diphyllodes</i> Makino	T5H4, T5H5	<i>Mariscus sumatrensis</i> (Retz.) Koyama	T1H4, T5H4
<i>Fimbristylis dispacea</i> Benth.	T6H6	<i>Pycneus flavidus</i> (Retz.) Koyama	T1H4, T5H4, T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis ferruginea</i> Hook.	T4H4, T5H4, T6H6	<i>Pycneus globosus</i> (All.) Reicht.	T1H4, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis fimbristylodes</i> (F. V. M.) Druce	T5H4	<i>Pycneus polystachyos</i> (Rottb.) Beauv.	T4H4, T6H6
<i>Fimbristylis globulosa</i> Kunth	T6H6		
<i>Fimbristylis littorealis</i> Gaudich.	T5H5, T6H6		

续表 4

植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution	植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution
<i>Pycnus pumilus</i> (L.) Domin	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Arundinella setosa</i> Trin. var. <i>esetosa</i> Bor	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Pycnus sanguinolentus</i> (Vahl) Nees	T2H5, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Arundinella setosa</i> Trin. var. <i>sang-</i> <i>chongensis</i> Sun ex Hu et Chen	T5H5
<i>Pycnus unioloides</i> R. Br.	T5H5	<i>GAxonopus affinis</i> A. Chase	T6H6
<i>Ramirea maritima</i> Aubl.	T6H6	<i>Axonopus compressus</i> (Sw.) Beauv.	T6H6
<i>Rhynchospora corymbosa</i> (L.) Britt.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Bothriochloa glabra</i> (Roxb.) A. Camus	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Rhynchospora rubra</i> (Lour.) Makino	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Bothriochloa intermedia</i> (R. Br.) A. Camus	T4H1, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Scirpus lateriflorus</i> J. F. Gmel.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Bothriochloa ischaemum</i> (L.) Keng	T1H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Taraxacum ferax</i> Rich. (4) Poaceae	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Bothriochloa parviflorum</i>	T4H3, T4H4
<i>Achnatherum avinoides</i> (Honda) Chang	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5	<i>Bothriochloa pertusa</i> (L.)	T4H1, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Achnatherum splendens</i> (Trin.) Nevski	T1H4, T1H5, T4H1, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i> (Michx.) Torr.	All over China
<i>Achnatherum chingii</i> (Hitchc.) Keng ex Kuo	T4H1	<i>Bouteloua gracilis</i> (HBK) Lag. ex Steud.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Acrachne racemosa</i> (H. R. & S.) Ohwi	T6H6	<i>Brachiaria eruciformis</i> (Smith) Griseb.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Aeluropus lagopoides</i> (L.) Trin.	T6H6	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i> (Forsk.) Stapf	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Aeluropus pilosus</i> (Yang) Chen et Yang	T4H1, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Brachiaria ramosa</i> (L.) Stapf	T6H6
<i>Aeluropus pungens</i> (Bieb.) C. Koch.	T4H1, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Brachiaria semiundulata</i> (Hochst.) Stapf	T6H6
<i>Aeluropus pungens</i> (Bieb.) C. Koch. var. <i>hirtulus</i> Cheng et Yang	T4H1, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Brachiaria subquadrifida</i> (Trin.) Hitchc.	T5H5
<i>Aeluropus sinensis</i> (Debeaux) Tzvel.	T4H2, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Brachiaria subquadrifida</i> (Trin.) Hitchc. var. <i>miliiformis</i> (Presl) Chen et Jin	T6H6
<i>Alloteropsis cimicina</i> (L.) Stapf	T6H6	<i>Brachiaria subquadrifida</i> (Trin.) Hitchc. var. <i>setulosa</i> Chen et Jin	T6H6
<i>Alloteropsis semialata</i> (R. Br.) Hitchc.	T5H4, T6H6	<i>Brachiaria urochloaoides</i> Chen et Jin	T6H6
<i>Alloteropsis semialata</i> (R. Br.) Hitchc. var. <i>ackloniana</i> (Nees) C. E. Hubb.	T5H4, T6H6	<i>Brachiaria villosa</i> (Lam.) A. Camus	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Andropogon brevifolius</i> Sw.	T1H4, T5H4, T6H6	<i>Brachiaria villosa</i> (Lam.) Camus var. <i>barbata</i> Bor	T5H5
<i>Andropogon citratus</i> Thunb.	T5H4, T6H6	<i>Brachiaria villosa</i> (Lam.) A. Ca- mus var. <i>glabrata</i> Chen et Jin	T5H5
<i>Apinda mutica</i> L.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Buchloe dactyloides</i> (Nutt.) En- gelmann	All over China
<i>Aristida adscensionis</i> L.	T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4	<i>Capillipedium parviflorum</i> (R. Br.) Stapf	T3H4, T3H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Aristida pennata</i> Trin.	T2H5, T4H1	<i>Cenchrus calyculatus</i> Gavan.	T4H4
<i>Artkraxan hispidus</i> (Thunb.) Makino	T2H5, T4H1, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Cenchrus echinatus</i> L.	T6H6
<i>Arundinella anomala</i> Steud.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T6H6	<i>Chloris anomala</i> Sun et Hu	T6H6
<i>Arundinella bengalensis</i> (Spreng.) Druce	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Chloris barbata</i> Sw.	T6H6
<i>Arundinella hirta</i> (Thunb.) Tana- ka	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Chloris formosana</i> (Honda) Keng	T5H5
<i>Arundinella nepalensis</i> Trin.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Chloris gayana</i> Kunth	All over China
<i>Arundinella setosa</i> Trin.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Chloris virgata</i> Sw.	All over China
		<i>Chrysopogon aciculatus</i> (Retz.) Trin.	T6H6
		<i>Cleistogenes chinensis</i> (Max.) Keng	T4H2, T4H3, T4H4

续表 4

植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution	植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution
<i>Cleistogenes squarrosa</i> (Trin.) Keng	T1H5, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4	<i>Digitaria stricta</i> Roth ex Poem. et Schult.	T5H5
<i>Coix lachryma-jobi</i> L.	T2H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T6H6	<i>Digitaria ternata</i> (Hochst.) Stapf et Dyer	T5H5
<i>Crypsis aculeata</i> (L.) Ait.	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Digitaria thwaitesii</i> (Hack.) Henr.	T6H6
<i>Crypsis schoenoides</i> (L.) Lam.	T2H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4	<i>Digitaria vinlescens</i> Link	T2H5, T4H1, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cymbopogon cassius</i> Stapf	T6H6	<i>Dimeria ornithopoda</i> Trin.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cymbopogon citratus</i> (DC) Stapf	T6H5, T5H4	<i>Dinebra retroflexa</i> (Vahl) Paus.	T6H6
<i>Cymbopogon javanicus</i> (Jones) Schult.	T1H4, T5H4	<i>Diplachne fusca</i> (L.) Beauv.	T3H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Cymbopogon nardus</i> (L.) Rendle	T6H6	<i>Ecclopus cotulifer</i> (Thunb.) A. Camus	T5H5, T5H4
<i>Cymbopogon tortilis</i> (Presl) A. Camus	T6H6, T5H4	<i>Echinochloa caudata</i> Rashev.	T3H4, T3H5, T1H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4
<i>Cynodon arcuatus</i> Presl et Presl	T6H6	<i>Echinochloa colonum</i> (L.) Link	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6, T2H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i> (L.) Pers.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i> (L.) Beauv.	T1H4, T2H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6, T3H4H5, T4H2
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i> (L.) Pers. var. <i>biflorus</i> Merino	T5H5	<i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i> (L.) Beauv. var. <i>austro-japonensis</i> Ohwi	T5H4, T5H5
<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i> Beauv.	T6H6	<i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i> (L.) Beauv. var. <i>breviseta</i> (Doell.) Neill.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Dismostachya bipinnata</i> (L.) Stapf	T6H6	<i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i> (L.) Beauv. var. <i>mitis</i> (Pursh) Peterm.	T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Dechanthium annulatum</i> (Forsk.) Stapf	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i> (L.) Beauv. var. <i>praticola</i> Ohwi	T5H4, T5H5
<i>Digitaria abludens</i> (Roem. et Schult.) Veldk.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i> (L.) Beauv. var. <i>relayensis</i> (H. B. K.) Hitchc.	T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Digitaria bicornis</i> (Lam.) Roem. et Schult.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i> (L.) Beauv. var. <i>crusgallum</i> (HBK) Schult.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Digitaria chrysoblephara</i> Fig. et De Not.	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4	<i>Echinochloa frumentacea</i> (Roxb.) Link	All over China
<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i> (Rots.) Koel.	All over China	<i>Echinochloa glabrescens</i> Munro ex Hook. f.	T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Digitaria cruciata</i> (Nees) A. Camus	T1H4, T5H5	<i>Echinochloa hispidula</i> (Retz.) Chang	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Digitaria denudata</i> Link	T1H4, T5H5	<i>Echinochloa oryzoides</i> (Ard.) Fritsch.	T2H5, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Digitaria fibrosa</i> (Hack.) Stapf	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Echinochloa phyllapogon</i> (Stapf) Koss	T5H5
<i>Digitaria fibrosa</i> (Hack.) Stapf var. <i>yunnanensis</i> (Henr.) L. Liou	T5H5	<i>Echinochloa utilis</i> Ohwi et Yabuno	T5H5
<i>Digitaria glabrescens</i> (Bor.) Liou	T6H6	<i>Eleusine coracana</i> (L.) Gaertn.	All over China
<i>Digitaria hangduanensis</i> Liou	T5H5	<i>Eleusine indica</i> (L.) Gaertn.	All over China
<i>Digitaria henryi</i> Rendle	T5H5	<i>Elymus nutans</i> Griseb.	T1H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T5H4, T4H5
<i>Digitaria heterantha</i> (Hook.) Mer	T5H5, T5H6	<i>Elymus sibiricus</i> L.	T1H4, T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3
<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i> (Schreb.) Schreb.	T1H4, T5H4, T5H5, T4H3, T4H4, T6H6, T2H5	<i>Elytrophorus spicatus</i> A. Camus	T6H6
<i>Digitaria jubata</i> (Griseb.) Henr.	T5H5	<i>Eneapogon brevifolius</i> (Griseb.) Honda	T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T5H4
<i>Digitaria longiflora</i> (Retz.) Pers.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Eneapogon brachystachyum</i> (J. B. S.) Stapf	T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4
<i>Digitaria microbachne</i> (Presl) Hitchc.	T5H5, T6H6		
<i>Digitaria mollicoma</i> (Kunth) Henr.	T5H5		
<i>Digitaria radicata</i> (Presl) Miq.	T5H5, T6H6		
<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> (L.) Scop.	All over China		
<i>Digitaria setigera</i> Roth ex Roem. et Schult.	T6H6		
<i>Digitaria stewartiana</i> Bor.	T1H4, T4H1		

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植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution	植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution
<i>Enneapogon dolichostachyus</i> (Leg.) Keng	T6H6	<i>Eulalia phaeothrix</i> (Hack.) Ktze.	T5H4, T6H6
<i>Enneapogon unispicatus</i> (Muell.) Clavt.	T6H6	<i>Eulalia quadrinervis</i> (Hack.) Ktze.	T5H4
<i>Eragrostis alia</i> Keng	T6H6	<i>Eulalia speciosa</i> (Debeaux) Ktze.	T4H1, T5H4, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis atrovirens</i> (Desf.) Trin. et Steud.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Eulaliopsis binata</i> (Retz.) C. E. Hubb.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6, T4H2
<i>Eragrostis autumnalis</i> Keng	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Eustachys tener</i> (Presl) A. Camus	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis bulbifera</i> Setud.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Garnotia raespitosa</i> Santos	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis charis</i> (Schult.) Hitchc.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Garnotia ciliata</i> Merr.	T5H5
<i>Eragrostis cilanensis</i> (All.) Link ex Vig.	All over China	<i>Garnotia ciliata</i> Merr. var. <i>conduplicata</i> Santos	T5H5
<i>Eragrostis cilata</i> (Roxb.) Nees	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Garnotia decumbens</i> Keng	T5H5
<i>Eragrostis curvula</i> (Schrad.) Nees	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Garnotia fragilis</i> Santos	T5H5
<i>Eragrostis cylindrica</i> (Roxb.) Nees	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Garnotia maxima</i> Santos	T6H6
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i> Pilg. ex Diels.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Garnotia mutica</i> (Munro) Druce	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis diplachnoides</i> Steud.	T6H6	<i>Garnotia patula</i> (Munro) Benth.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis sauriei</i> Ohwi	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Garnotia patula</i> (Munro) Benth. var. <i>grandior</i> Santos	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis ferruginea</i> (Thunb.) Beauv.	T1H4, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Garnotia tenuis</i> Keng	T5H5
<i>Eragrostis fractus</i> Sun et Wang	T6H6	<i>Garnotia trisetia</i> Hitchc.	T5H5
<i>Eragrostis guangxiensis</i> Sun et Wang	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Garnotia trisetia</i> Hitchc. var. <i>decumbens</i> Keng	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis hainanensis</i> Chia.	T6H6	<i>Gynandropsis gynandra</i> (Lam.) Merr.	T5H5
<i>Eragrostis japonica</i> (Thunb.) Trin.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Hackelochloa granularis</i> (L.) Ktze.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis longispicula</i> Sun et Wang	T6H6	<i>Harpachne harpachnoides</i> (Hack.) Keng	T5H5
<i>Eragrostis mairei</i> Hack.	T5H5	<i>Helictotrichon tibeticum</i> (Roshv.) Holub.	T1H4, T4H1
<i>Eragrostis mexicana</i> Link	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Hemarthria altissima</i> (Poir.) Stapf	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Eragrostis minor</i> Host.	All over China	<i>Hemarthria compressa</i> (L. f.) R. Br.	T2H5, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T5H4
<i>Eragrostis neriis</i> Hance	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Hemarthria japonica</i> (Hack.) Roshv.	T2H5, T4H4, T5H5
<i>Eragrostis nigra</i> Nees ex Steud.	T4H2, T4H3, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Hemarthria sibirica</i> (Gaud.) Ohwi	T1H5, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5
<i>Eragrostis nutans</i> (Retz.) Nees	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Heteropogon contortus</i> (L.) Beauv.	T1H4, T4H2, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis perennans</i> Keng	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Hierochloa glabra</i> Trin.	T1H4, T3H5, T4H3
<i>Eragrostis pilosa</i> (L.) Beauv.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Hierochloa odorata</i> (L.) Beauv.	T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis pilosa</i> (L.) Beauv. var. <i>imberbis</i> Franch.	All over China	<i>Imperata arundinacea</i> Hok.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis pilosissima</i> Link	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Imperata cylindrica</i> (L.) Beauv.	All over China
<i>Eragrostis poaeoides</i> Beauv.	All over China	<i>Isachne dispar</i> Trin.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis pulchra</i> Sun et Wang	T6H6	<i>Ischaemum anthephoroides</i> (Steud.) Miq.	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis reflexa</i> Hack.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Ischaemum cristatum</i> L.	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis ruficarpa</i> Chia.	T6H6	<i>Ischaemum ciliare</i> Retz.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis tenella</i> (L.) B. R. S.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Ischaemum laxum</i> R. Br.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis unduloides</i> (Retz.) Nees	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Leptochloa chinensis</i> (L.) Nees	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eragrostis zeylanica</i> Nees et Mey.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Leptochloa repens</i> (G. Forst.) R. Br.	T6H6
<i>Eremochloa ophiuroides</i> (Munro) Hack.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Leptoloma fujianensis</i> Liaw.	T5H5
<i>Eriachne pallescens</i> R. Br.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Lepturus repens</i> (G. Forst.) R. Br.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Eriochloa procera</i> (Retz.) Hubb.	T6H6		
<i>Eriochloa villosa</i> (Thunb.) Knuth	T3H4, T3H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6		
<i>Eulalia contorta</i> Keng	T5H4, T6H6		

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植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution	植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution
<i>Melinis minutiflora</i> Beauv.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Paspalum thunbergii</i> Kunth et Steud.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Microchloa indica</i> (L.) f. Beauv.	T5H4	<i>Paspalum urvillei</i> Steud.	T6H6
<i>Microchloa indica</i> (L.) f. Beauv. var. <i>kunathii</i> (Desv.) Sun et Hu	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Paspalum vaginatum</i> Sw.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Microstegium chinense</i> (Trin.) A. Camus	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Paspalum virgatum</i> L.	T6H6
<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i> (Labill.) Warb.	T5H4, T5H5	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i> (L.) Spreng	T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Miscanthus sacchariflorus</i> (Maxim.) Hack.	T4H3, T4H5, T4H4, T3H4, T3H5, T1H5, T5H5, T5H4	<i>Pennisetum americanum</i> (L.) Leeke	T4H3, T4H4
<i>Miscanthus sinensis</i> Anderss.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6, T4H4, T2H5	<i>Pennisetum centrasiaticum</i> Tzvel.	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H2, T4H3, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Muhlenbergia cutinastata</i> (Ohwi.) Ohwi	T3H5, T4H5, T4H4	<i>Pennisetum centrasiaticum</i> Tzvel. var. <i>lampinense</i> Chen et Jin	T5H5
<i>Muhlenbergia hakonensis</i> (Hack.) Makino	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Pennisetum cladesianum</i> Hochst. ex Chiov.	T6H6
<i>Muhlenbergia himalayensis</i> Hack. ex Hook.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Pennisetum lanatum</i> Klotz.	T1H4
<i>Muhlenbergia ramosa</i> (Hack.) Makino	T5H5	<i>Pennisetum longissimum</i> Chen et Jin	T4H2, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Muhlenbergia hugelii</i> Trin.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6, T1H5	<i>Pennisetum longissimum</i> Chen et Jin var. <i>intermedium</i> Chen et Jin	T4H2, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Muhlenbergia japonica</i> Steud.	T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i> Schum.	T3H5, T6H6
<i>Ophiurus xichuimensis</i> (Lour.) Merr.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Pennisetum quinnigense</i> Zhong	T5H5
<i>Ophiurus exaltatus</i> (L.) Kuozze	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Pennisetum setozum</i> (Sw.) Rich.	T6H6
<i>Orinus anomala</i> Keng ex Keug et Liou	T5H5	<i>Pennisetum shuanxiense</i> Chen et Jin	T4H1, T4H2
<i>Orinus kokonoricus</i> (Hao) Keng	T4H1	<i>Pennisetum sichuanense</i> Chen et Jin	T5H5
<i>Orinus thoroldii</i> (Stapf ex Hemsl.) Bao.	T1H4	<i>Perotis hordeiformis</i> Nees	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i> Michx.	T5H5	<i>Perotis indica</i> (L.) Ktze	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Panicum maximum</i> Jacq.	T4H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Perotis maritima</i> Honda	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Panicum miliaceum</i> L.	T1H4, T2H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Phacellurus latifolius</i> (Steud.) Ohwi	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Panicum notatum</i> Retz.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Phaenosperma globosa</i> Munro ex Benth.	T1H4, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H5
<i>Panicum polypodioides</i> Trin.	T5H5	<i>Pogonatherum crinitum</i> (Thunb.) Kuntz	T5H4, T5H5
<i>Panicum repens</i> L.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Pogonatherum panicum</i> Hack.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Panicum virgatum</i> L.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Pseudoraphis longipaleacea</i> Chia.	T6H6
<i>Paspalidium flavidum</i> (Retz.) A. Camus	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Pseudoraphis spinescens</i> (R. Br.) Vickery	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Paspalidium punctatum</i> (Burm f.) A. Camus	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Pseudoraphis spinescens</i> (R. Br.) Vickery var. <i>depauperata</i> (Nees) Bor	T5H5
<i>Paspalum ciliatofolium</i> Trin.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Rhynchosyrum repens</i> (Willd.) E. Hubb.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Paspalum commersonii</i> Tam. Illustr.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Roegneria grandiglumis</i> Keng	T5H4
<i>Paspalum conjugatum</i> Bergius	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Roegneria kokonoricus</i> Keug	T1H4, T4H1, T4H2, T5H4
<i>Paspalum delavayi</i> Hent.	T5H5	<i>Rotthoella exaltata</i> L.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> Pour.	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Rotthoella leucospica</i> Keng	T5H4
<i>Paspalum hmbriatum</i> HBK	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Rotthoella viridis</i> Nees	T5H5
<i>Paspalum formosanum</i> Honda	T5H5, T6H6	<i>Saccharum officinarum</i> L.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Paspalum longifolium</i> Roxb.	T6H6	<i>Saccharum sinense</i> Roxb.	T2H5, T4H1, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Paspalum malacophyllum</i> Trin.	T4H2	<i>Saccharum spontaneum</i> L.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Paspalum notatum</i> Flügge	T4H2, T4H3, T4H4	<i>Sacciolepis indica</i> (L.) Chase	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Paspalum orbiculare</i> G. Forst.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Schizachyrium obliquiberbe</i> (Hack.) A. Camus	T5H4
<i>Paspalum paspaloides</i> (Michx.) Scribn.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Setima nervosum</i> (Rond.) Stapf	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Paspalum plicatulum</i> Michx.	T4H2, T4H3	<i>Setaria arenaria</i> Kitag.	T3H4, T3H5, T1H5
<i>Paspalum pteratum</i> Pers.	T4H2, T4H3		
<i>Paspalum scrobiculatum</i> L.	T5H5, T6H6		

续表 4

植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution	植物种类 Taxon	分布区域 Region of distribution
<i>Setaria chondrachne</i> (Steud.) Honda	T5H5	<i>Sporobolus fertilis</i> (Steud.) Clayton	T5H4
<i>Setaria faberii</i> Herrm.	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Sporobolus halepense</i> (L.) Pers.	T5H4
<i>Setaria forbesiana</i> Herrm. var. <i>breviseta</i> Chen et Sheng	T5H5	<i>Sporobolus hancei</i> Rendle	T5H5
<i>Setaria forbesiana</i> (Nees) Hook f.	T5H5	<i>Sporobolus piliferus</i> (Trin.) Kunth	T5H5
<i>Setaria geniculata</i> Beauv.	T6H6	<i>Sporobolus pulvinatus</i> Swallen	T4H4
<i>Setaria glauca</i> (L.) Beauv.	All over China	<i>Sporobolus virginicus</i> (L.) Kunth	T5H4, T5H5
<i>Setaria glauca</i> (L.) Beauv. var. <i>dura</i> (Chung) Chung	T5H5	<i>Stenotaphrum helferi</i> Munro et Hook.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Setaria guizhouensis</i> Chen et Sheng	T5H5	<i>Stenotaphrum subulatum</i> Trin.	T6H6
<i>Setaria guizhouensis</i> Chen et Sheng	T5H5	<i>Themeda forskolii</i> Hack.	T5H5, T6H6
var. <i>paleata</i> Chen et Sheng		<i>Themeda japonica</i> (Willd.) Tanaka	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Setaria intermedia</i> Roem. et Schult.	T5H5	<i>Themeda triandra</i> Forsk.	T1H4, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Setaria italica</i> (L.) Beauv.	T1H4, T1H5, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Thuarea involuta</i> R. Br.	T6H6
<i>Setaria italica</i> (L.) Beauv. var. <i>germanica</i> (Mill.) Schrad.	T1H4, T1H5, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Tragus berteronianus</i> Schult.	T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Setaria pallidifusca</i> (Schumacher) Stapf et Hubb.	T6H6	<i>Tragus racemosus</i> (L.) Scop.	T2H5, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4
<i>Setaria palmifolia</i> (Koen) Stapf	T1H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Tripogon bromoides</i> Roem. et Schult.	T1H4, T5H5
<i>Setaria plicata</i> (Lam.) T. Cooke	T5H5	<i>Tripogon bromoides</i> Roem. et Schult. var. <i>yunnanensis</i> (Keng et Yang) Chen et Yang	T5H5
<i>Setaria plicata</i> (Lam.) T. Cooke var. <i>levisflora</i> (Keng) Chen et Sheng	T5H5	<i>Tripogon chinensis</i> (Frensch) Hack.	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H4, T5H5
<i>Setaria verticillata</i> (L.) Beauv.	T1H4, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Tripogon filiformis</i> Nees et Steud.	T1H4, T4H2, T5H4, T5H5
<i>Setaria viridis</i> (L.) Beauv.	All over China	<i>Tripogon humilis</i> Yang	T1H4
<i>Setaria viridis</i> (L.) Beauv. ssp. <i>pachystachys</i> (Fr. et Sav.) Ma et Yang	T5H5	<i>Tripogon longe-aristatus</i> Nakai	T5H5
<i>Setaria viridis</i> (L.) Beauv. ssp. <i>pycnocoma</i> (Steud.) Tevel.	T1H5, T2H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Tripogon nanus</i> Keng	T1H4, T5H5
<i>Setaria yunnanensis</i> Keng, Yu, Keng & Ma	T5H5	<i>Tripogon parpurascens</i> Duthie	T4H1
<i>Sorghum bicolor</i> (L.) Moench	T1H4	<i>Urochloa cordata</i> Keng et Chen	T6H6
<i>Sorghum halepense</i> Pers.	T2H5, T4H1, T6H6	<i>Urochloa longifolia</i> Sun et Hu	T5H5
<i>Sorghum propinquum</i> (Kunth) Hitchc.	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6	<i>Urochloa longifolia</i> Sun et Hu var. <i>yunnanensis</i> Sun et Hu	T5H5
<i>Sorghum sudanense</i> (Piper) Stapf	T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T2H5, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Urochloa panicoides</i> Beauv.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Sorghum technicum</i> (Koern) Roshev.	T2H5, T4H1	<i>Urochloa pospaloides</i> Presl et Presl	T6H6
<i>Sorghum vulgare</i> Pers.	T1H4, T2H5, T5H4, T5H5, T4H1, T4H2, T4H3, T4H4, T5H6	<i>Urochloa reptans</i> (L.) Stapf	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Spartina alterniflora</i> Loise.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Urochloa reptans</i> (L.) Stapf var. <i>glabra</i> Chen et Jin	T5H5
<i>Spartina anglica</i> Hubb.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Vetiveria zizanioides</i> (L.) Nash	T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
<i>Spartina maritima</i> (Cott) Fenard	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Zea mays</i> L.	All over China
<i>Spartina patens</i> (Ait.) Muhl.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Zoysia japonica</i> Steud.	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T3H4, T3H5
<i>Spartina townsendii</i> Goroves	T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5	<i>Zoysia macrostachya</i> Fr. et Sav.	T4H3, T4H4
<i>Spinifex littoralis</i> (Burm f.) Merr.	T6H6	<i>Zoysia matrella</i> (L.) Merr.	T5H5, T6H6
<i>Spodiopogon sibiricus</i> Trin.	T3H4, T3H5, T4H3, T4H4, T5H4, T1H5	<i>Zoysia sinica</i> Hance	T3H5, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6, T1H5, T3H4
<i>Sporobolus diander</i> (Retz.) Beauv.	T5H4, T5H5	<i>Zoysia sinica</i> Hance var. <i>nipponica</i> Ohwi	T1H5, T3H4, T3H5, T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6
		<i>Zoysia tenuifolia</i> Willd. ex Trin.	T4H4, T5H4, T5H5, T6H6

注:

T1=寒温带;T2=冷温带;T3=中温带;T4=暖温带;T5=亚热带;T6=南亚热带或边缘热带;H1=极干旱区;H2=干旱区;H3=半干旱区;H4=半湿润区;H5=季节性干旱区;H6=湿润区。C₃~C₄=C₃~C₄ 中间植物。

Note:

T1=frigid temperate, T2=cold temperate, T3=cool temperate, T4=warm temperate, T5=subtropical, T6=southern subtropical of marginally tropical, H1=very arid, H2=arid, H3=semi-arid, H4=semi-humid, H5=seasonal arid, H6=humid, C₃~C₄=C₃~C₄ intermediate.

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